

**ICSE SEMESTER 1 EXAMINATION  
PRE-BOARD QUESTION PAPER  
HISTORY AND CIVICS  
H.C.G. PAPER-1**

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Maximum Marks: 40

Time Allowed: One hour (inclusive of reading time)

**ALL QUESTIONS ARE COMPULSORY.**

The marks intended for questions are given below in ( )

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**Select the correct option for each of the following questions.**

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1. What is the present strength of Rajya Sabha ? (1)  
 a) 250  
b) 245  
c) 545  
d) 552
2. Which of the following is not the session of Lok Sabha (1)  
a) budget session  
b) monsoon session  
 c) summer session  
d) winter session
3. In the Rajya Sabha the president can appoint how many representatives (1)  
a) 10  
b) 11  
 c) 12  
d) 15
4. What is a quorum required for functioning of either House of Parliament (1)  
a) two third  
b) one fifth  
c) one third  
 d) One-tenth
5. In general how many sessions of parliament are held in a year (1)  
a) 6  
b) 5  
c) 4  
 d) 3
6. Control over \_\_\_\_\_ gives proof of the Lok Sabha's superiority (1)  
a) censure motion  
b) National treasury  
c) adjournment motion  
 d) the budget
7. Complete the given analogy (1)

Central government :Union list:: state government:

- a) Concurrent list
- ~~b) state list~~
- c) residuary subjects
- d) none of these

8. The budget session (1)

- a) July to August
- ~~b) February to May~~
- c) September to November
- d) November to December

9. \_\_\_\_\_ Is the the motion through which the house expresses its majority opinion and the matters of public interest (1)

- a) Quorum
- ~~b) Adjournment~~
- c) Resolution
- d) Prorogation

10. what do you understand by the word Dominion status (1)

- a) the right to move freely
- b) the right to assemble peacefully
- ~~c) the right of governing~~
- d) the right to vote

11. the British refused to grant \_\_\_\_\_ the pension they were paid to Bajirao II (1)

- a) Bajirao
- ~~b) Nana Saheb~~
- c) Zeenat Mahal
- d) Rani Lakshmbai

12. Indian soldiers could not rise above the rank of . (1)

- a) Lieutenant General
- b) Colonel
- ~~c) Subedar~~
- d) Havaldar

~~13. Champaran satyagraha took place in (1)~~

- ~~a) 1916~~
- ~~b) 1917~~
- ~~c) 1918~~
- ~~d) 1919~~

14. Gandhian Era (1)

- a) 1885 To 1907
- ~~b) 1915 To 1947~~
- c) 1907 To 1916
- d) 1844 To 1856

15. the great depression was in the year .(1)

- a) 1932
- b) 1926

- c) 1950  
d) 1930
16. assertive phase (1)  
a) 1844 -1856  
b) 1907- 1916  
c) 1915- 1947  
d) 1885- 1907
17. Third Anglo Maratha war was fought in (1)  
a) 1818- 1820  
b) 1767- 1799  
c) 1817- 1818  
d) 1814- 1815
- ~~18. \_\_\_\_\_ Deciphered The edicts of Indian Emperor Ashoka (1)  
a) sir Charles Wilkins  
b) James Prinsep  
c) Max Mueller  
d) lord birkenhead~~
19. First grand (Imperial) Delhi darbar (1)  
a) 1878  
b) 1877  
c) 1903  
d) 1911
20. Surendranath Banerjee was popularly known as (1)  
a) father of Indian nationalism  
b) C.I.E.  
c) Grand old man of India  
d) None of the above
21. He worked for "Bengal public opinion" (1)  
a) Subhash Chandra Bose  
b) Lala Lajpat Rai  
c) Bipin Chandra Pal  
d) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
22. \_\_\_\_\_ Proposed for refusal to pay rural chaukidari tax in Eastern India (1)  
a) forward bloc  
b) Purna Swaraj  
c) Dandi March  
d) non cooperation movement
- ~~23. the Second World War broke out why Nazi Germany invaded (1)  
a) India  
b) Poland  
c) France  
d) China~~
24. the idea of the INA was conceived in Malaya by (1)  
a) Bhagat Singh

- b) Bose  
~~c) Mohan Singh~~  
d) Surendra Nath Banerjee
25. the motto of INA was (1)  
a) Delhi Chalo  
b) give me blood and I shall give you freedom  
c) Jai Hind  
~~d) unity , faith, sacrifice~~
- ~~26. Ahmedabad satyagraha took place in the year (1)~~  
~~a) 1916~~  
~~b) 1917~~  
~~c) 1918~~  
~~d) 1919~~
27. Quit India Resolution was adopted at \_\_\_\_\_ in July 1942 (1)  
~~a) Wardha~~  
b) Bombay  
c) Delhi  
d) Lucknow
28. forward bloc was formed on (1)  
a) September 7 1931  
b) August 8 1940  
~~c) May 3 1939~~  
d) June 6 1941
29. The Cripps mission was held in the year (1)  
a) 1940  
~~b) 1942~~  
c) 1938  
d) 1932
30. Bose set up the the provincial government of free India in (1)  
a) Germany  
~~b) Singapore~~  
c) Japan  
d) France
31. To whom must an MP address his letter of resignation (1)  
a) President  
~~b) Speaker~~  
c) vice president  
d) Prime Minister
32. The budget is also known as (1)  
~~a) annual financial statement~~  
b) monthly financial statement  
c) Receipt and expenditure statement  
d) taxation statement

33. With reference to the given picture answer the following:



- a) Identify the voice and the picture? (1)
- i) Lord Canning
  - ii) Large Dalhousie
  - ~~iii) Lord Mountbatten~~
  - iv) Lord Minto
- b) Why was sent to India? (1)
- ~~i) establish peace in India~~
  - ii) interim government
  - iii) To End the world war
  - iv) To support Lord Wavell
- c) The main points of his plan were (1)
- i) Partition
  - ii) constituent assembly
  - iii) partition of Bengal and Punjab
  - ~~iv) all of the above~~
- d) The person in the picture remained in office as governor general upto (1)
- ~~i) June 1948~~
  - ii) June 1946
  - iii) June 1947
  - iv) June 1949

34. He is known as “ the father of of assertive nationalism”

- a) Who was this person (1)
- i) Baba Bhimrao Ambedkar
  - ii) Subhash Chandra Bose
  - ~~iii) Bal Gangadhar Tilak~~
  - iv) Bipin Chandra Pal
- b) He gave the slogan (1)
- i) Quit India
  - ii) Angrezo Bharat Chhodo
  - ~~iii) Swaraj is my birthright and I shall have it~~
  - iv) Karo Ya Maro
- c) He founded the the (1)
- i) Pune New English School

ii) the Deccan Education Society

iii) Lathi clubs

~~iv) all of the above~~

d )He wrote the book

(1)

i)The call to Young India

ii) England's debt to India

~~iii) Arctic home of the Vedas~~

iv) the political future of India